

The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEATHER FORECAST.

FAIR.

(ESTABLISHED 1861.)

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December 29th, 1911, Temperature a.m. 58, p.m. 62; Humidity...50, 55.

December 29th, 1911, Temperature a.m. 63, 4 p.m. 64; Humidity...58, 60.

No. 8672

庚申年十二月廿九日

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1911

六拜禮

號十三月貳拾英港香

855, 924, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

TELEGRAMS.

THE REVOLUTION.

PEACE CONFERENCE DECISIONS.

(Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, Dec. 30, 9.40 a.m.

The Peace Conference has agreed that the National Convention shall determine the form of Government to be adopted. Meanwhile the Manchus will not attempt to raise a foreign loan.

IMPERIALISTS TO WITHDRAW.

The Imperialists are to evacuate their positions in Shansi, Shensi, Hupoh, Anhui, and Kiangsu, and to withdraw one hundred li by Jan. 5, leaving police protection.

The Republicans are not to advance and the Manchus are not to attack the Republicans.

A CLEVER RUSE.

From Shan Tung come persistent reports that the soldiers, as a ruse, slow a pig and that Tuan Fang is in disguise to Peking and is now in Shanghai.

SUN YAT-SEN'S APPOINTMENT.

Via Bombay, Dec. 29, 4.25 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Nanking wires that Dr. Sun Yat Sen has been unanimously elected President of the Republic of China.

NEWS FROM SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, Dec. 29.

Mr. Wong Ching-wai has advised the acting Governor General of Canton that he has accepted the Governor Generalship of the province.

Mr. Ching Tak-chuen, the Governor General of Kiangsu is ill, and is being medically treated at Shanghai.

The Imperialists at Hankow asked Tls. 600,000 from Li Yuan-heng as a condition of surrender. This has been refused.

Fearing an outbreak among his Imperial troops, General Tuan Sui-kai has ordered all arms and ammunition to be transferred to the North from Hanyang.—"Sheung Po."

SUN YAT-SEN ELECTED.

At Nanking to-day Dr. Sun Yat-sen was elected Provisional President by the delegates from seventeen united provinces.

Tuan Fang, ex-director of railways, who was reported murdered sometime ago, arrived here yesterday.

Tang Po-ngak, a member of Tang Shao-yi's suite, who was arrested on a charge of raising funds for the Manchu government, has been released on bond.—"Sheung Po."

TELEGRAMS.

THE REVOLUTION.

NEWS FROM SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, December 29.

The delegates of the various Republican provinces held a meeting at Nanking to-day when Dr. Sun Yat-sen was elected provisional president by 17 votes. Li Yuan-heng had two votes and Wong Hing also had two votes.

Wong Ching Wei wired to the Vice-Commander-in-Chief of Canton to-day to the effect that he has accepted the office of Commander-in-Chief of Canton and will leave shortly for Kwongtung.

The Manchus have ordered Yuan Shih-kai to call a meeting of the National Assembly in order to decide what form of Government will be adopted.

Yuan Shih-kai has also been ordered by edict to wire to the peace conference at Shanghai asking for an extension of the armistice.

The Imperialists at Hanyang have asked for six lacs of taels before submitting to the Revolutionaries, but Li Yuan Heng, leader of the allied forces, has repudiated their request.

General Tun Ki-Sui, fearing that the Imperialists at Hankow might be revolting has ordered that all arms and armaments be transferred to the North.

Tuan Fang, the ex-director of railways, who was reported dead, arrived here yesterday.

NEWS FROM PEKING.

Peking, Dec. 29.

An Imperial Edict has ordered H.E. Yuan Shih-kai to call a meeting of the National Congress to decide whether a limited monarchical or republican government should be adopted. Yuan

has also been ordered to ask the peace conference at Shanghai for a further extension of the armistice.—"Sheung Po."

TELEGRAMS.

HOME POLITICS.

LLOYD GEORGE'S AIM.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Durban, Dec. 29, 11.35 p.m.

Mr. Lloyd George, addressing a conference of ministers and lay workers at Cardiff said that his aim was to create an atmosphere which would compel whatever party was in power to deal with great social evils.

A WORLD OF MISERY.

There was a world full of misery and wretchedness but there was a sufficiency of wealth in the land to make provision for that poverty. Charity was hopelessly inadequate as a remedy and he had got a much more effective way, though it was not so popular.

ECONOMIC BONDAGE.

There was more poverty to-day than ever before and more economic bondage. He dwelt on the fearful housing accommodation in rural Wales and said that the churches must rouse the conscience of the people.

COCKATOO PHRASES.

The moment one attempted to remedy poverty, he said, one was immediately accused of Socialism, of setting class against class. It was time to get rid of the cockatoo phrases of unthinking people

with limited brains. He was prepared to face abuse, insolence and calumny, convinced that storms were to be his destiny to the end of the voyage.—Reuter.

TRIPOLI WAR.

TURKS LOSE HEAVILY.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Via Bombay, Dec. 29, 1.40 p.m.

A message from Reuter's correspondent in Rome says it is asserted that the Turks lost five hundred during the fighting which took place at Benghazi on the 25th inst., including some of their leaders.—(Reuter).

TELEGRAMS.

PERSIAN TROUBLE.

GOVERNMENT REGRETS.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Via Bombay, Dec. 29, 1.40 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Teheran

in wires that Mr. Smart has been taken to Kazerum. The Foreign Minister expressed the Government's regret to the British Minister, and promised that the assailants would be exemplarily punished. The Persian Government is most apprehensive regarding the British punitive expedition.—(Reuter).

WILL BRITAIN SEND TROOPS?

Bombay, Dec. 30, 7.50 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Bombay cuts says the Government is considering the question of sending troops to the Persian Gulf.

ANOTHER CHANCE.

THAMES COMPANY.

Durban, Dec. 30, 6.45 a.m.

The Admiralty are negotiating with a Northern shipbuilding firm to arrange for the building of two cruisers on the Thames in the hope of giving the Thames Shipbuilding Company another chance of life.—Reuter.

CANTON NEWS.

[The "Telegraph" Correspondent.]

Canton, Dec. 29.

The city is ablaze with flags to-day on account of the election of a President of the united provinces.

General Lung Chai-kwong has despatched two regiments to Kachow to suppress the disorderly elements there.

To relieve the financial strain in Canton it is proposed to establish a bureau for the issue of new notes to the amount of \$15,000,000 in denominations of 50 cents, \$1, \$10 and \$50. These notes must be accepted as legal tender. The Republicans Union, which suggests this scheme, does not think it necessary to establish a reserve against these notes, but it is proposed that after the expiration of two years they should be redeemed gradually. The proposal was laid before the Senate, and was unanimously rejected on the ground that the money market would be ruined and great misery caused to the people.

TELEGRAMS.

RUSSIA AND PERSIA.

NO EXCESSES.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Durban, Dec. 30, 12.15 a.m.

Authentic despatches from

Tahriz show that the reports regarding Russian excesses are wholly unfounded.

It is equally untrue that the ark has been destroyed.

FEW CASUALTIES.

There have been no casualties among the foreigners and the supposed Russian losses are 100 killed and 200 wounded. The mortality among the native non-combatants is not large.

OCCUPATION COMPLETE.

The Russian occupation is now complete and all the Fidaais have disappeared. The banks and the European houses are now resuming business.—Reuter.

LANCASHIRE LOCKOUT.

BOTH SIDES FIRM.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Durban, Dec. 29, 8 a.m.

The cotton war threatens to last longer than was anticipated. Some 160,000 weavers have been locked out, and 150,000 spinners have been placed on half-time. Fifteen towns are affected.

Neither side shows any disposition to come to terms or to accept intervention.

The three non-unionists, including two women, whose refusal to join the unions is the cause of the trouble, remain obdurate.

The situation is complicated by the decision of the operatives to press the recent demand for 5 per cent. increase in wages.—Reuter.

FORCED TO FLEE.

Durban, Dec. 30, 6.45 p.m.

A non-unionist named Riley and his wife were obliged to leave their home at Accrington which was besieged by hostile operatives who have otherwise behaved very quietly and who appear to be enjoying the extension of their Christmas holiday.—Reuter.

TELEGRAMS.

TRIANGULAR CRICKET.

AUSTRALIA'S TEAM.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Durban, Dec. 29, 10.45 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Melbourne

says that the Board of Control has appointed Hill, Ireland, and McAlister to select the team to visit England next year.

Hill has been appointed captain, and Trumper vice-captain, of the team.

CHRISTMAS TRAGEDY.

CINEMA FIRE.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Durban, Dec. 29, 8 a.m.

Five children have died from burns caused by a fire at a Christmas entertainment at a picture palace in Chesterfield.—Reuter.

ESCAPE FROM FORTRESS.

DARING OFFICER.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Bombay, Dec. 30, 7.50 p.m.

Reuter's Berlin correspondent

says that Captain Lux, a French officer who was sentenced, on June 30, to six years' imprisonment for espionage, has escaped from a German fortress at Glatz where Captain Trench is confined.

Captain Lux filed the bar of his window, slid down the smooth wall by a self-made rope, and dropped far into the street.—Reuter.

AUSTRIA'S POLICY.

VOLE OF CONFIDENCE.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Via Bombay, Dec. 29, 1.40 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at Vienna states that the Committee has adopted the provisional Budget, and passed a vote of confidence in Count Aehrenthal.—(Reuter).

SPAIN IN MOROCCO.

SPANISH LOSSES.

[Service to the "Telegraph."]

Via Bombay, Dec. 29, 1.40 p.m.

The Spaniards lost two killed and seventy wounded in the fight of the 28th inst.—(Reuter).

HEAVY LOSSES.

Bombay, Dec. 29, 1.40 p.m.

Reuter's correspondent at

Madrid states that the Spanish losses in Morocco on Dec. 27 were officially given as four officers and 64 men killed and 180 officers and 210 wounded. The Moors have received fresh reinforcements and further obstinate fighting is expected.—Reuter.

SALVATION ARMY.

Intimations

WARM YOUR HOME

this coming winter with one of our
**NEW "PERFECTION" BLUE
FLAME OIL HEATERS.**

ELEGANT.

ODORLESS and

ECONOMICAL

Prices from \$5.50.

Samples on view at our Offices.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW
YORK,

Hotel Mansions.

Hongkong, 25th October, 1911.

[1452]

For Sight Seeing, in an Up-to-date

MOTOR,

RING UP 1036.

THE EXILE MOTOR GARAGE.

Hongkong, 15th April, 1911.

[1053]

CIGARETTES

BOUTON ROUGE

\$4.20 per 100

FELUCCA

\$2.80 per 100

ENJOY THE LARGEST
SALE IN EGYPT.

WEISMANN, LIMITED.

BAKERS

CONFECTIONERS

CATERERS

RESTAURANTEURS

14, Des Vœux Road Central.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1911.

NOW READY!!!

OUR NEW O. B. BEER, manufactured exclusively from the finest
Bohemian Hops and German Malt by an Expert German Brewer. May be
had from dealers or from the undersigned.

O.



B.

Ask for the NEW O. B. BEER.

ORIENTAL BREWERY, LTD., (Hongkong).

THE LEEDS FORGE
CO., LTD., LEEDS.Specialists in the Manufacture of RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK
of every description.Pioneers in the Design and Manufacture of
PRESSED STEEL UNDERFRAMES and BOGIES and ALL
STEEL RAILWAY WAGONS.The Undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents in
Hongkong and China.THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING CO.,
OF HONGKONG, LTD.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Hongkong, 28th September, 1911.

[1014]

Intimations

ALL PRODUCTION RECORDS BROKEN FACTORY
WORKING DAY AND NIGHT CONTRACTS LET
FOR EXTENSION OF PLANT. Such is the
tangible evidence of the unparalleled demand forVisible Models 10 and
11 of the Remington
Typewriter.

SIEMSEN & CO.

HONGKONG AND CANTON,

General Agents for the Remington Typewriter Co

REALLY GOOD
SPECTACLESNo such a comfort to tired or strained eyes
that their value cannot be over-estimated. If
your eyes need glasses they should have the
best you can get.

THAT MEANS

- 1.—Careful and expert examination;
 - 2.—Precision in the making;
 - 3.—The best of materials;
 - 4.—Adjustment to a nicety.
- All of the above we offer you. We invite
comparison with the equipment of any
optical establishment—anywhere. Glasses,
amber and other tinted lenses, mounted
in gold, gold-filled, or other metals at lower
cost. Our prices are reasonable. Our
materials and workmanship are guaranteed.



CHAMPAGNES

FOR CHRISTMAS

POMMERY AND GRENO

BOLLINGER

GIESLER

DUC DE MONTEBELLO

IRROY

LANSON

PAUL DOMMIER

LOUIS RENAULT

Sole Agents,

CALDBECK

MAGGREGOR & CO.

Hongkong, 19th December, 1911.

[1552]

S.O.A.E.O.

FAR EAST OXYGEN AND ACETYLENE CO., LTD.

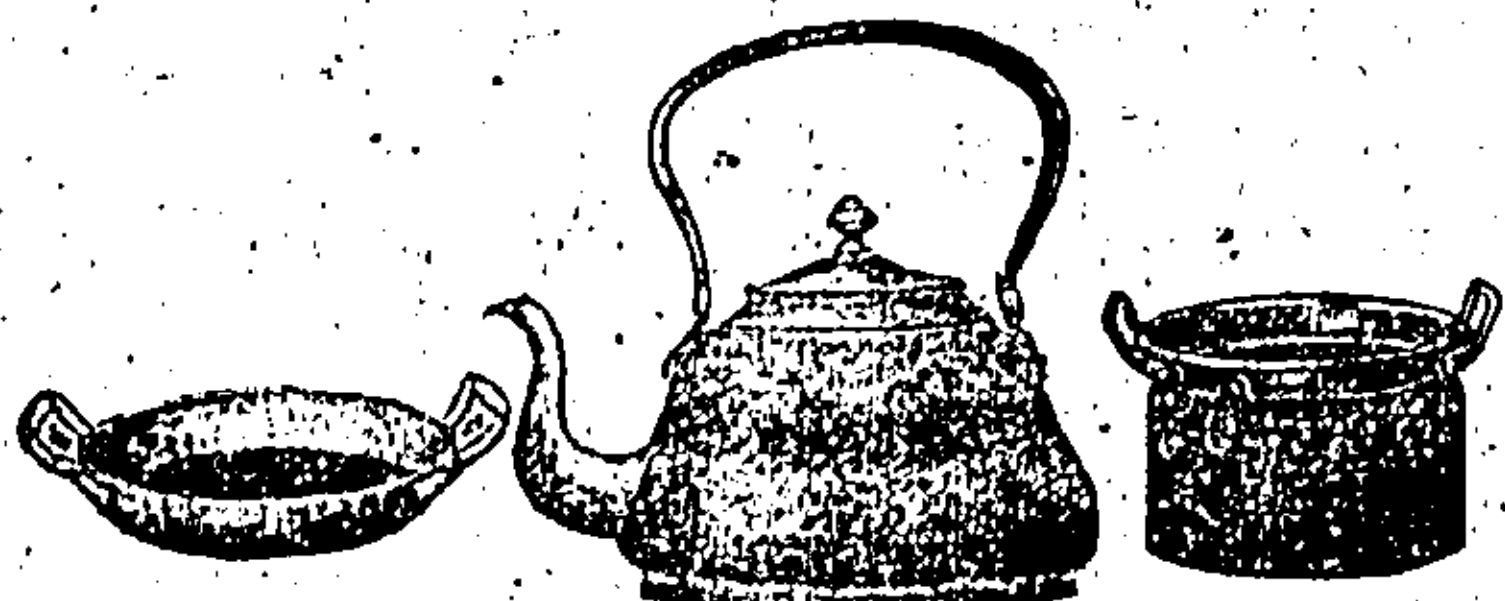
AUTOGENOUS WELDING.

Repair of boilers and hulls, welding of cracks.

Renewing of corroded plates by addition of metal.

Welding of broken pieces of any kind of metal.

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NO RUST, NO CHIPPING OF ENAMEL

VERY DURABLE

SAVE TIME AND FUEL

BRIGHT AND CLEAN.

VERY MODERATE PRICES. INSPECTION INVITED.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO. [881]



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"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

LIMITED.

PROJECTED HOMEWARD SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

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LONDON, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP	"DENBIGHSHIRE" ...	10th January, 1912.
LONDON, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM	"MONMOUTHSHIRE" ...	17th January, 1912.
LONDON & ANTWERP	"PEMBROKESHIRE" ...	31st January, 1912.

All steamers have excellent accommodation for a limited number of First
Class Passengers. Cabins are situated amidships, and are fitted with electric
light and fans. Attention is directed to this moderate fares charged.
For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDIN, MATHESON & CO., LD.,
AGENTS.

Hongkong, 29th December, 1911.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO,
AND

WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

Joint Service of
THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,
AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.,
HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON CANTON TO HONGKONG

MONDAY, 1st JANUARY.

8.00 a.m. "HONAM." 8.00 a.m. "HEUNGSHAN."

10.00 p.m. "KINSHAN." 9.00 a.m. "FATSHAN."

These steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mail, are the largest and fastest on
the River. Special attention is drawn to the Superior Saloon and Cabin. Electric
Fan in each Cabin.

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S.S. "SUI AN" Tons 1651 SS. "SUI AN" Tons 1651

HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street
Wharf. Sunday at 9 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street
Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. Sundays, at 7.30 a.m. and 5 p.m.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 7th JANUARY.

The Company's Steamship.

"SUI AN"

will depart from the Company's WING LOK WHARF at 9 a.m. Departure
from Macao at 5 p.m.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday,
leaving at 7.30 a.m. and from Hongkong at 12.30 p.m. from the Company's
Wing Lok Street Wharf.

This steamer connects with the excursion steamer returning from Macao
at 5 p.m.

FARES AS USUAL.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. HOI-SANG, 457 Tons.

Departures from Macao to Canton on Mon., Wednes., & Fri., at 9 p.m.
Departures from Canton to Macao on Tues., Thurs., & Satur., at 4.40 p.m.

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HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVI-
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CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM," 591 Tons, and "NANNING," 569 Tons.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday,
Wednesday and Friday at about 8 a.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for
Canton on the same days at 8.30 a.m. Round trips take about 5 days.
Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct
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Come and see yourself and your friends transformed, distorted and distended
into all sorts of extraordinary shapes before these famous MIRRORS, and do
not forget to bring your cameras with you so that you may secure caricatures of
your own portrait.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:—Adults 50 Cents. Children 30 Cents.
Hongkong, 20th December, 1911. [1552]

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE dates of the ANNUAL RACE
MEETING originally fixed for
the 13th, 14th and 15th February,
1912, and altered to one week later
and the Race Meeting will be held on
TUESDAY 20th, THURSDAY
22nd and FRIDAY 23rd February,
1912, thereby coinciding with the
usual holidays following the Chinese
New Year.

The Entries will CLOSE one week
later than the date already fixed, viz.,
SATURDAY, the 20th January,
1912.

In all other respects the programme
as issued will stand.

By Order,

T. F. HOUGH,

Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, 29th Dec., 1911. [1551]

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9, Queen's Road. [803] (Canton, 2nd Dec., 1911.) [1570]

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AN EXTRAORDINARY GEN-

ERAL MEETING of Members

of the above Club, will be held on

WEDNESDAY, the 10th January,

1912, instant, in the Office of the

Jockey Club, No. 3 Chater Road at

2.30 p.m., for the purpose of confirm-

ing the following Special Resolution

carried at the Extraordinary General

Meeting of Members held on SATUR-

DAY, the 23rd December, 1911,

viz:—

That the words "Kiangnan" Race

Club" (Shanghai) be added to Rule 1,

Part 1 of the Rules of Racing.

T. F. HOUGH,

Clerk of the Course

Hongkong, 26th Dec., 1911. [1562]

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OUR
CONTEMPORARIES.

WHAT THEY THINK.

China Mail.

British Politics.

According to the latest gossip
from London the position of the
Asquith administration is less
secure to-day than it was three
months ago. The National In-
surance Bill is likely to prove a
boomerang, for one thing while
the Home Rule demands of Mr.
John Redmond are said to be
growing so onerous that the
Cabinet is likely to be split into
two sharply divided sections be-
fore the proposed measure gets
much beyond a tentative outline.
The manner in which the Insur-
ance Bill was rushed through the
House of Commons has caused a
great revulsion of feeling through-
out the country, and already the
bye-elections are telling the
Government that they have gone
a little bit too far; what the dis-
gist will amount to when the
measure has begun to operate
time will alone show, but the
Unionist party will no doubt
find it working to their advantage.
The author of the measure, Mr.
Lloyd George, will have to stand
the full brunt of the attack, and
we have no doubt that whatever
befalls he will profess to be great-
ly surprised at the supreme
ignorance displayed by his critics
in failing to appreciate the
many benefits which the Act
really confers if only it were
rightly understood.

Daily Press.

The Contentious Clauses.

The public protest made by
three of the leading firms of ar-
chitects in the Colony against
the Bill to amend the Public
Health and Buildings Ordinance,
recently introduced in the Legis-
lative Council, will call to the
minds of many readers the fact
that this is not the first occasion
on which the Government—or rather
the Public Works Department—
and the architects have come into
serious conflict on questions of
public policy, and the general
public naturally wonders why
there should be this regret-
table antagonism. On the pre-
sent occasion the architects
have complained that a Bill was
being rushed through Council
seriously affecting them, and
they had been given no oppor-
tunity of considering the Bill
and of making the represen-
tations they deemed advisable.
H.E. The Governor on Thursday
last made peace with the archi-
tects and property owners by
dropping the contentious clauses.
At the previous meeting of Coun-
cil the Hon. Mr. Pollock tran-
siently criticised some of the
provisions of the Bill, especially
those which confer on the Build-
ing Authority what he described
as "most extreme arbitrary
powers."

South China Morning Post.

Unofficials on Top.

Then on the bill to amend
the Public Health and Buildings
ordinance the Unofficials scored
their greatest triumph. There
were eight clauses in the bill, only
four of them of particular im-
portance. These four were struck
out rather than that they should
be subjected to comment and
condemnation. It was all very
well for the Attorney-General to
talk about "a lot of
rhetoric and ink" being "wasted"
over certain sections. That could
be smiled at tolerantly, for the
battle was won. It appeared the
Government had been persuading
themselves the measure would
encounter no opposition—that it
was quite uncontroversial. That,
in a way, was remarkable, but
they were soon disillusioned. So
far as the Unofficials are able to
ensure, there is going to be no
official autocacy in Hongkong,
not even a benevolent autocacy
which would be very gracious to
builders and architects when the
wind prompted.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR
LIABILITIES, DUTIES
AND POWERS.

(Continued from last Saturday.)

From the judgments in the foregoing Authorities the following propositions of law are evolved:—

(1) It is the duty of a director, or other person filling a fiduciary position towards the shareholders of a Company, to disclose any personal interest he may have in the property purchased for the Company.

(2) An action to make good a director's liability to the Company, or to the shareholders, is not a claim for damages, but a claim for the recovery of the property purchased for the Company.

(3) To claim an order and payment, if any profit is improperly made by the director on the sale of the property purchased by the Company, but

(4) If the director is not a shareholder, he is not liable to the Company for the profit made by him on the sale of the property purchased by the Company, but

(5) If the director is a shareholder, he is liable to the Company for the profit made by him on the sale of the property purchased by the Company, but

(6) Where there is an inferential allegation of fraud, as where a claim is brought against a director for an account of "secret profit" alleged to have been made by him, the onus lies upon the claimant to prove (a) that there was no disclosure at all either to the Company generally, or to persons representing the Company—such as the other, and independent, directors, and (b) that the concealment of facts resulted in a pecuniary loss to the Company.

(7) A director, who has omitted to disclose his interest in property sold to the Company, cannot be called upon to account to the Company for his share of the proceeds of such sale, nor for any profit made by him thereon, if such profit were honestly and legitimately made by him at the time, or his own account, and not as an agent, and if, therefore, his omission to disclose his interest did not result in any pecuniary loss to the Company.

There are nevertheless other authorities which show that where a director, or other person in fiduciary relationship to the Company, has, by virtue of his position, received a gift, or other personal profit, which he has not honestly earned, and which he fails to disclose, he can be called upon to account for it, although apparently the Company was not prejudiced by his receiving it.

Thus where a promoter, being the owner of property sold to the Company, accepted shares in lieu of cash as the purchase price of that property, and made a gift of some of those shares to another person on the latter becoming a director, it was held that the value of those shares must be accounted for to the Company (*Eden v. Bicknell's Railway Lamp, &c., Co.* 23 Q.B.D. 383). The reason for it being so held was, as Lord Esher M.R. said, because the shares "were given to him because he was an agent... I do not say that he took these shares... on the understanding that he was to betray,

"his trust... but I do say that he put himself in a position which the law does not allow an agent to assume".

In the later case of *Archer's case* (1892) 1 Ch. 322, a director had accepted the position at the request of the promoter of the Company, upon condition that, if at any time he should desire to part with the qualification shares he had purchased, the promoter would take them from him at their par value. Some time afterwards the shares became practically valueless, the director resigned his post, and his qualification shares were purchased from him by the promoter at their par value. The fact of this agreement between the director and the promoter was not disclosed to the Company. It was held that the director was liable to the Company for the profit made by him on the sale of the shares. The fact that the shares were purchased from him at their par value was not a defence. The fact that the shares were purchased from him at their par value was not a defence. The fact that the shares were purchased from him at their par value was not a defence.

And in the very recent case of *In re London and S.W. Canal Ltd.* (1911) 1 Ch. 346, where directors accepted and held their qualification shares at the will of the promoter, to whom they handed blank transfers, it was held that they were guilty of misfeasance, and they were ordered to pay to the liquidator of the Company the par value of the shares, which had become valueless in the market. Swinfen-Eady J. stating that "it may be that if the application had been framed on different lines a far heavier liability might have been established".

The idea is that a director, who is an agent for his Company, cannot accept anything in the nature of a gift or bribe for having assisted, or which may tempt him to assist, the giver in the carrying out of transactions with the Company for which the director is agent. It does not matter that the Company has not been, or is not at all likely to be, prejudiced by the director's acceptance of the gift; and that if the director is forced to make over that gift to the Company a totally unexpected benefit will be derived. Someone must gain the benefit. The agent cannot be allowed to, and therefore his principal, the Company, is entitled to it.

(To be continued.)

Lord Kitchener, says the "Echo de Paris," monthpices of the French War Office, is to receive the war medal for having served with the French Army in 1870; but though the fact of this service has often been asserted by the French, "K. of K." himself has never either "admitted or denied." During the war he was a Woolwich cadet, and in the long vacation he joined his family at Dinan in Brittany, to rub up his French. Near the truth, perhaps, is the writer who says: "Lord Kitchener's first experience of war was under the French flag. In 1870 he enlisted as a private in a mobile battalion under General Chanzy. He saw no fighting, but assisted in some halcyon antics that ended in a chill and an attack of pneumonia." That would be about it.



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Judge of the Supreme Court, Lahore, Punjab, writes:—"My experience with Sanatogen has been very favourable. I took it for some months during the most trying season of the year, and found it a great strengthener."

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Mr. Shirley Trevelyan, Editor of "Capital," 98, Clive Street, Calcutta, writes:—"I cannot speak too highly of Sanatogen, it not only kept me up during a sharp attack of fever, but afterwards restored me once more to full vigour. In fact, I was better and stronger after this course of Sanatogen than before the attack."

"The Medical Times" says:—"There is no doubt whatever that the nutrition of patients taking Sanatogen improves wonderfully, due, in all probability, to its being easy of assimilation and to the organic absorbable phosphorus which it contains."

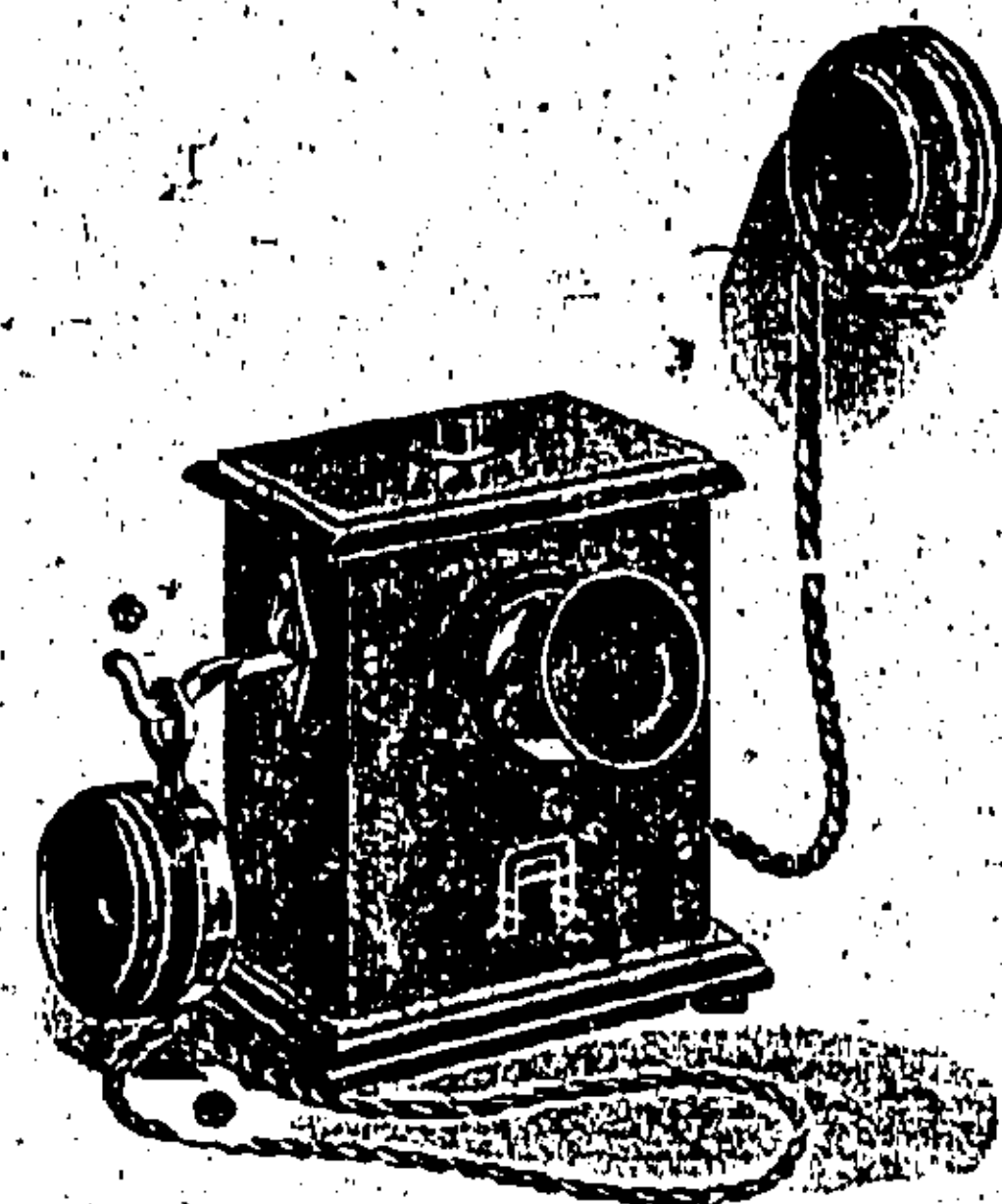
Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P., the popular Novelist, writes:—"So, Carlton House Terrace, S.W.—I have used Sanatogen with extraordinary benefit. It is to my mind a true food tonic, feeding the nerves, increasing the energy, and giving fresh vigour to the over-worked body and mind."

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Y14.05		Mukden	8.50 p.m.						
Y11.50		Changchun	4.05						
R3.60		(Russian Train)	10.30						
		Harbin	11.50						
			8.10 a.m.	Mon. Thurs. Sat.	State Express for Moscow	State Express for Moscow	Wagon Express for Moscow	State Express for Moscow	State Express for Moscow
SOUTH BOUND									
		Harbin (Russian Train)	12.00 a.m.						
R 9.60		Changchun	8.40 p.m.						
Y11.50		Mukden	10.00						
Y14.05		Dairen	5.00 a.m.						
Y4.00		Shanghai	5.15						
			1.20 p.m.	Tues. Thurs. Sat.	State Express for Moscow	State Express for Moscow	Wagon Express for Moscow	State Express for Moscow	State Express for Moscow

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used as the rubble mound is near the
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The two entrances named above are
marked by two red and white discs by
day and by two white and red lights at
night.
C. W. BECKWITH,
Commander R.N.
Harbour Master, &c.
H. M. S. "Heron," 27th Dec. 1911. [1507]

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CAPITAL for Bonds-Industrial
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Hongkong, 15th Nov. 1911. [1493]

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THE SPECIAL STAMPS for
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The 5 cent stamp will continue to be
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Hongkong, 11th November, 1910.

The object of this paper is to publish correct information, to serve the truth and print the news without fear or favour.

Cable Address: Telegraph, Hongkong.

Telephone: No. 1. A.B.C., 5th edition. Western Union

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1911.

1911 IN RETROSPECT.

With characteristic ingratitude we generally find ourselves passing a malediction instead of a blessing upon the dying year. The troubles and sorrows it has brought; the hopes it has disappointed and the fears it has verified, are remembered and what it has vouchsafed to us of good is forgotten. With due allowance for this tendency to look affectionately to the future and coldly upon the past, it must be admitted that 1911 has had its full proportion of the shadow that ceases to enhance the sunlight if there be too much of it. In passing it may be recalled that this is the Comet Year and that the superstitious implicitly believed that the celestial visitor named after Halley would bring in its train most of the ills that collective flesh is heir to. In China, in particular, it was declared—long before the rising at Wuchang—that rebellion would stalk through the land and that the Throne would totter. The superstitious will probably deem that their beliefs have been justified and that the scientific explanations of natural, but unusual, phenomena, while doubtless correct, do not tell the whole story.

To consider separately each of the eventful months of the year now closing would involve more time than we can spare to the subject; we will content ourselves with a hasty consideration of some of the more salient impressions that are given by a backward glance. Peace has had its victories—and so, unhappily, has war. The principle of general arbitration has gained support among the English-speaking communities particularly and there is a possibility of war between Great Britain and America becoming a negligible risk. But, in spite of a generally expressed desire to substitute arbitration for war, the bellicose spirit has from time to time manifested itself and the already lamentable excessive expenditure on armaments by all the great Powers has hugely increased. The insurance against a world conflagration has become so costly that men are asking themselves whether it would not be better and more economical in the long run to get it over. A war is even now in progress in North Africa and there seems no immediate prospect of any wholesale transformation of swords into ploughshares.

In the industrial world the cause of arbitration has fared little better. There again masters and workers are in agreement that arbitration and conciliation are incomparably better than the crude methods of the strike and the lock-out. But these pious beliefs are not put into practice, and all over the world to-day Capital and Labour are watching each other with suspicious and hostile eyes. The loss that is caused by the armed industrial truce is scarcely less than that occasioned by the international armament competition, but suspicion and misunderstanding prevent the rapprochement that would be mutually beneficial and the year closes with relations as bad, if not worse than ever.

Turning to the British Empire the most outstanding fact is the coronation of the fifth George as King in London and as Emperor in Delhi. Never, it may be said, has the loyalty of the British people at Home or in the Dominions to the Throne been stronger, nor the Empire so secure. Concessions made by the King-Emperor himself at Delhi to our Indian fellow-subjects will, it is hoped, go far towards quelling the spirit of unrest that was still manifesting itself at the beginning of the year.

Local interest is naturally centred at present upon the momentous transformation that China is undergoing. At the present moment China has an Emperor and a President and a number of Governor-Generals. Everything is chaotic, but there is reason to hope that good will come out of evil and that after her travail China will be the better fitted to take her true position in the world. The revolution has pressed hardly upon the foreign merchants of Hongkong and the Treaty Ports, who had scarcely recovered from the after-effects of the Russo-Japanese War, but it may be anticipated that a restoration of order in China will be followed by a revival and expansion of business. This Colony, under the careful governorship of Sir Frederick Lugard, has shown favourable progress; important public works have been completed and the finances have been put in good order. It is unnecessary to particularize the public works referred to, but mention should be made of the formal opening of the railway from Kowloon to Canton.

Space prevents a recapitulation of the triumphs of science, the advances in aviation and submarine navigation and the development of wireless telegraphy. If the old year has seen mankind smitten by war, by pestilence and by famine, it has also seen noteworthy advances along the path of progress. May the advance be greater in the new year now standing at the threshold.

DAY BY DAY.

The make wise New Year resolutions is good; to keep them is better.

There will be no issue of the "Hongkong Telegraph" on Monday, New Year's Day.

We are informed that Mr. Christopher Wilson, solicitor, joins the office of Mr. M. J. D. Stephens from Jan. 1.

An Order-in-Council applying the Extradition Acts to Siam is published in the Government Gazette.

Chov. Volpicelli, the Italian Consul-General, and Mme. Volpicelli, and Mr. Findlay Smith returned to the Colony by the N.D.L. ss. Buelow.

Sales of Crown Land by public auction will take place at the District Land Office, Taipei, at 10 a.m. on Jan. 6. The lots to be sold are situated at Shoungshui and Luitongmi.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. Robert Hall to act as Second Assistant Marine Surveyor, with effect from the 4th January, 1912, and until further notice.

Gun practice will be carried out on Tuesday from the west of Hongkong in a westerly to south-westerly direction between 9.30 a.m. and 4 p.m. If the weather is unfavourable the practice will take place on the following day.

The Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd., inform us that the total output of the Company's three mines for the week ending Dec. 9 amounted to 32,488.79 tons and the sales during the period, to 20,350.07 tons.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased, under instructions from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, to appoint Mr. William Russell to be First Assistant Marine Surveyor, vice Mr. William Arthur Oake resigned, with effect from the 4th January, 1912.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. Edward Alexander Irving to act as Chairman of the Board of Examiners and the Honourable Mr. Edwin Richard Hallifax to act as Chairman of the Hongkong Technical Institute Advisory Committee during the absence on leave of the Honourable Mr. Arthur Winbolt-Brown, C.M.G., or until further notice.

H. E. the Governor has given his assent, in the name and on behalf of H. M. the King, to the following Ordinances passed by the Legislative Council:

Ordinance No. 60 of 1911.—An Ordinance relating to Public Health and Buildings.

Ordinance No. 61 of 1911.—An Ordinance to amend the Statute Laws (New Revised Edition) Ordinance, 1911.

Ordinance No. 62 of 1911.—An Ordinance to amend the Law Revision Ordinance, 1911.

Ordinance No. 63 of 1911.—An Ordinance to amend the Law Amendment Ordinance, 1911.

Ordinance No. 64 of 1911.—An Ordinance to further amend the Foreign Offenders Detention Ordinance, 1872.

Ordinance No. 65 of 1911.—An Ordinance to provide for the issue by the Mercantile Bank of India, Limited, of Bills and Notes payable to Bearer on Demand.

The S.S. "Kumeric."

The Bank Line, Ltd., are in receipt of cable advice to the effect that the s.s. Kumeric sustained serious damage to her steering gear, and had to be put back for repairs; she sailed again from Comox for Yokohama on the 22nd inst., where she is due to arrive at the latter port on the 10th prox.

Died in Gaol.

A Magisterial inquiry was held by Mr. Irving at the Magistracy this morning touching the death of a Chinese prisoner in Victoria Gaol. The deceased, who had been sentenced to six months' hard labour for returning from banishment, died of general debility, shortly after one o'clock yesterday. Evidence having been called, the jury returned a verdict of death through natural causes.

NEWS FROM HOIHOW.

Prospect of Trouble.

From private sources we hear that trouble is brewing at Hoihow and an outbreak seems serious. A reliable source that the Chinese agent of a foreign firm doing a large business there applied for consular protection, which was granted.

The Taotai.

An interesting account of recent happenings near Hoihow has been given us by a prominent local gentleman, who was on the spot. It appears that he went from Canton to Hoihow on the same boat as did 200 soldiers who had about 150 rifles from the first named city, and a corps of bomb throwers. The craft also carried a Chinese gentleman, who was to be the new Taotai of Kowchow, near Hoihow. Arriving at Hoihow the Chinese gentleman sent a message to the local Taotai at Keungchow asking him to relinquish his position, and to hand it over to him. The old official wanted to see the new man's credentials, while the latter said he was willing to show them. The former, however, stipulated that the newcomer should not bring his soldiers into the city and on his refusal to agree to this, the gates of the city were closed. Thereupon the Canton contingent attacked the city, but to no great effect as there was a force of about 1,000 to their 200. There was a lot of desultory firing, but no one was hurt save an old countryman and one soldier.

The new Taotai then retired on Hoihow with his forces and stayed in hotels kept by people friendly to them, while the guilds arranged a truce for two days. They then sent a representative back to Canton by boat to ask the authorities not to send any more soldiers because there was no necessity for them, and to give definite instructions about the Taotai. As a result of the disturbance, all the shops were closed and no business was transacted at all.

The M.M. Co.'s s.s. Tonkin with the French Mail of Dec. 2, and mails from London of Dec. 2, left Saigon to-day at 8 a.m. and is expected to arrive here on Tuesday, January 2, at 6 a.m., and will leave most likely for Shanghai on the same afternoon.

A Tokyo paper reports that the Japanese authorities will grant certain sums of money during a certain period to those sealers who have been deprived of their business as the result of the International Fur Seal Protection Conference signed in Washington last autumn.

Two natives were charged before Mr. Irving at the Magistracy this morning with an attempt to have notes printed of the Kwong Yick Chung Bank of Swatow by means of false representations. Mr. Davidson, of Messrs. Hastings and Hastings, prosecuted, while Detective-Sergeant Appleton, who had effected the arrest, watched the case on behalf of the Police. The men were formally remanded, bail being refused.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Irving held an enquiry, at the Magistracy, into the circumstances attending the death of Li Li-yuen, a conductor in the employ of the Hongkong Tramway Co. It appears that the deceased was standing on the chain at the side of a car and seeing another tram approaching, lost his head and jumped in front of it, sustaining a fractured skull from which he subsequently died. A verdict of accidental death was returned, no blame being attached to the driver of the car.

The next organ recital of the Winter Season that Mr. Denman Fuller will give in St. John's Cathedral, will take place on Tuesday, January 2, at 5.30 p.m. The programme is as follows:—Sonata in C minor, Mendelssohn; Carol, "A Virgin Unspotted," Master Martin and Master Hurlie; Masses, H. T. Best, S. Paul, J. W. White, R. Payton Griffin, E. C. Emmott, F. A. Bilson; Prayer and "Orride Song" Guilmant; Cantata "The First Nowell"; "Pavane," Wely; "Andante in D," A. Hollins; Carol, "Good Christian Men"; March, "A Catherine."

THE COLONY'S FINANCES.

Figures for October.

The following is the financial statement for the Colony for October:

Revenue and Expenditure.
Balance of Assets and Liabilities on Sept. 30, 1911, \$1,853,636.07
Revenue from 1st to 31st October, 1911, 752,536.91

Expenditure from 1st to 31st October, 1911, 2,608,172.98

Balance on 31st October, 1911, 950,922.93

Assets and Liabilities on October 31, 1911.

Deposits not Available, 253,050.79

Officers' Remittances, 133.38

Crown Agents' Advances, 3,870,742.13

House Service Account, 1,489.03

Postal Agencies in China, 58,087.33

Total Liabilities, 4,193,502.66

Balance, 1,055,250.05

Total, \$5,838,752.71

Assets.

Balance, Bank, \$302,620.71

Subsidiary Coins, 145,707.26

Advances, 60,389.02

Imprisonment, 2,342.51

Railway Construction, 5,043,442.32

Crown Agents' Current Account, 4,640.58

Unallocated Stores, 273,631.31

Total, \$5,838,752.71

WORKS OF ART.

Among the many beautiful objects of art that Messrs. Kuhn and Komor have in their show room in Queen's Road special mention must be made of the latest arrival of the embroiderer's art. This piece of vertu, which has been the admiration of all who have seen it, consists of a fourfold screen of black silk on which is worked a lion and lioness in fine silk needlework. It was originally intended for the Coronation Durbur, but the Japanese artist who was engaged on it could not get it finished in time.

The picture—for it is a picture rather than a screen—shows a lioness on rocky ground moving across the scene closely followed by her mate. The beauty of the work is the exquisite light and shade that the artist has obtained by a use of many graduated tones of colour ranging from a fine gold in the high lights to a deep blackish brown in the shadows. Naturally when the medium must always be laid on in lines, as must be the case when reproduction is carried out in needlework, the question of texture does not present the same difficulty as in the plastic art. There is, however, one pitfall which might beset the worker and that is the danger of stiffness. Fortunately this is not the case in the screen under notice, for every stitch suggests the roughness of the animal's coat and, at the same time, the sinuous motion of the semi-conquered lioness. Perhaps the height of artistic suggestion is conveyed by the treatment of the shaggy head of the lion, which is a thing of beauty.

Mounted on a black lacquered frame and set off with handsome brass corner-pieces the screen is as fine a piece of craftsmanship as one might wish to see. The artist, we are informed, took fifteen months, working one hour a day, to complete this triumph, and not one minute has been wasted. Among the other artistic treats that Mr. Kuhn has in store is a needlework picture of an old man playing a violin, the outstanding feature of which is the exquisite flesh colouring and light and shade on the face.

Among the passengers who left Hongkong by the P.K.R. s.s. Tenyo Maru were Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Kudoorie, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dollar.

THE WEST RIVER TRAGEDY.

Officer Acquitted.

An enquiry has been held at Wuchow into the circumstances attending the death of Mr. W. A. Blumenburg of the Asiatic Petroleum Co. It will be remembered that he together with Lieut. Tindall of H. M. S. Robin was examining a revolver belonging to the latter when it went off, the bullet entering Mr. Blumenburg's body, inflicting a wound from which the unfortunate gentleman died.

As a result of the enquiry a verdict of accidental death was returned and Lieut. Tindall was acquitted.

CALENDARS, ETC.

Messrs. Butterfield & Swire, the agents, have kindly forwarded us the following:—

From the London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Company: a desk blotting pad, a "Kompaktum" file and a wall calendar.

From the Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation: a memorandum book, a desk calendar and a blotting pad.

KOWLOON DOCK DANCE.

The annual ball given by the Recreation Club of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, last night at Kowloon was a conspicuous success, and some 350 guests had a most enjoyable evening. The function was admirably organised, and the committee deserve every congratulation for the admirable manner in which everything was carried out.

The hall itself was lavishly decorated with greenery, which formed a complete screen at one end of the room, and hung in graceful festoons hiding the girders supporting the roof. This was interspersed with a multitude of vari coloured electric bulbs, which gave quite a pleasing effect, while on one side of the room were the dock flags and on the other the legend 1860—1911, both worked out in electric light. The band was accommodated on a dais, at the bottom of the dancing hall, which was richly draped in red and white. The usual card and ante-room were also provided for the comfort of both dancers and those who profess not the terpsichorean art.

The music was provided by the band of the K.O.Y.L.I., which is sufficient to say that the best was forthcoming in this direction. There was a well-selected programme of dances, as follows:—Lancers, Arcadians; Waltz, Songs D'Autonne; Caledonians, Scotia; Barri Dance, Careless Cuckoos; Circassian Circle; Waltz, Vision of Solome; Lancers, Miss Gibbs; Two Step, Scotch Pebbles; Caledonians, Scotia; Veleta, Morris; Lightsome Reel, Fairy Dance; Barn Dance, Dardes Dream; Quadrille, Aldwych; Waltz, Sitt; Lancers, Country Girl; Highland Schottische, Keel Row, Caledonians, Scotia; and Waltz, Dollar Princess.

At supper, Mr. R. M. Dyer, Chief Manager of the Company, presided, being supported by Mr. W. Jolly, Secretary, and others. The usual toasts were honoured. The catering, by the Station Hotel, was excellent.

Mr. W. M. Johnston was the indefatigable honorary secretary of the committee, which also comprised Mr. William Stewart (chairman), Mr. Wilson Brown (treasurer), Mr. R. J. Brown, Mr. F. C. Coleman, Mr. D. S. Cooper, Mr. W. Davidson, Mr. S. Gray and Mr. W. Hedley. Mr. William Stewart and Mr. Wilson Brown also acted as Masters of the Ceremonies, performing their onerous duties with all ability and courtesy. The company included many visitors from Hongkong, for whose convenience eight launches ran from Blake Pier, returning at intervals as desired between 12.30 a.m. and 3 a.m.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Sun Yat-sen.

Dr. Sun Yat-sen has been elected President of China at last (we may be forgiven, perhaps, if we congratulate readers of the "Hongkong Telegraph" upon receiving the momentous news some twelve hours before it was available to non-readers). The selection of Sun Yat-sen as President was hardly unexpected. Yuan Shih-kai was a non-starter and as the leaders of the revolutionaries in Shanghai and Wuchang have little belief in each other Dr. Sun has probably been chosen for much the same reason as that which led to the leadership of the Unionist Party at Home passing to Mr. Bonar Law. However that may be, the appointment has been made and the Doctor has his chance. He has waited long for it and most people will hope that he has a fair opportunity of demonstrating his capacity as an administrator. The situation will certainly call for all the ability of which he may be possessed. Everything at present is in a condition of chaos; apart from the genuine revolutionaries, numbers of disorderly persons are clinging to the skirts of the movement, and Dr. Sun's lieutenants will be for the greater part men who have for a few strenuous weeks enjoyed the sweets of autocratic power and may not take kindly to the descent to a subordinate position; moreover there is still the Court and the Imperialist army to be considered. The Throne seems to be in an accommodating frame of mind, but there is no telling what attitude the army may adopt. Altogether it is clear that Dr. Sun has a difficult task before him.

A Successful Race.

Press telegrams, as received, are usually rather bald and condensed affairs, but occasionally a really human touch appears. From various sources comes the news that Tuan Fang, who was reported to have been killed by his soldiers, is alive and well, and that he is in Shanghai. Our correspondent there provides the human touch. The soldiers, he says, shot a pig and Tuan escaped in disguise. It seems ungenerous to criticise a race so successful, but it strikes one as rather elementary. By no stretch of imagination could the squeals of a dying pig be mistaken for the squeals of a dying man; but perhaps the pig merely groaned, of course, there was the blood to show—the blood of Tuan Fang. But those who accepted blood as sufficient evidence were rather credulous people. The main thing, however, is that Tuan escaped. He will himself agree that this was the main thing. When further details come to hand someone ought to write an epic round the pig which died that Tuan Fang might live.

America n Navigation Laws.

Readers may possibly recollect that an interesting point in American shipping law was brought out by the s.s. Cleveland, which leaves this port to-day on her last trip. Taking a batch of round-the-world tourists she left New York, and having completed the circuit of the globe arrived at San Francisco, where action was taken against the owners of the boat on the ground that she was a foreign steamer engaged in coast traffic. The contention was based on the fact that the point of departure was New York and the destination the California port. The courts held the point to be moot in law and the owners were fined. On enquiry at the office of the Harbours and Marine Lines, today we learn that the same difficulty is not likely to occur again, as the company have obtained permission from the United States Government to land their passengers at the San Francisco.

SHORT SERMON.

Suffer the little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of God.—Mark, x, 14.

How little we realize in these days of wonderful scientific and mechanical achievements; in the war and bustle of business life, the meaning of the above sentence!

But when we study a child, how different is its relation to the world from that of the average adult!

The bright little face that greets the morning sun; the wonder and delight which are reflected in the wide open round eyes, as the mystery and beauties of earth, air and water unfold themselves day after day to the developing intellect! The loving care displayed by the child heart to animals and flowers; the good-night kiss with a little head snugly pressed against your breast; the perfect trust and faith in your protection against all things seen and unseen in the deepening dusk; the open-handed, extended to one and all—as no idea except that of love for every one has yet entered the little heart!

It is almost impossible to realize, in the present time, a representative successful man with wealth, position and vast responsibilities, becoming as a little child, yet that is just what we are told must be—"for of such is the kingdom of God."

To lay aside earthly ambitions and carnal pleasures, and to live a simple, pure, kindly life; to long to be of use and comfort to those who are ill and in need; to bring brightness, kindness and loving service to those less fortunate, and to be contented, with this simple, useful life—this is what was meant by Christ, when he said "except you become as a little child, you cannot inherit eternal life."

For as such must we accept God and his messages given to us in the Bible, and as a child obeys those in authority, must we obey the ten commandments and live diligently, industriously, realizing the great fact, that where our treasure is there is our heart also, and striving to make God and eternity our treasure. Living our lives without fear of the mysterious future, knowing that our Father is only educating and preparing us for endless life in eternity, where He waits to receive those who have lived the simple, kindly life of a little child.

Amid the distracting rush and activities of our so-called modern civilization, where greed and speed seem to be the main incentives in life, and where, too often, might seems to make right, the love of the simpler and most beautiful elements in life is lost and but little time given to a study of God's world and His intention of creation.

Through the ages past even to the days of Adam, how little has the mass of humanity recognized and given true worship to the great Creator, although dependent on the works of His hand! Century after century, war has devastated all lands, while the law of God is Love. Yet men spend their time in an everlasting struggle to accumulate the material things of this world, which really are but shadows of the invisible universe.

Yet, if you accept God's wish and live life as simply as a little child, when the night shades close around you for that last long sleep, the simple prayer of your early childhood will be whispered for the last time as you pass from mortality to immortality:

Now I lay me down to sleep, I pray the Lord my soul to keep, If I should die before I wake, I pray the Lord my soul to take.

And with this prayer on your lips you will sink into the arms of mother earth, to awake in the morning of an eternal life!

The Marine Court of Enquiry at Singapore, which returned an indecisive finding in regard to the wreck of the s.s. Kuala at 10.30 p.m., was constituted as follows:—Mr. H. W. Firmstone, who sat as president, of the Court and the assessors, Lieut. John D. Murray, of H.M.S. "Kent"; Capt. D. Simmonds, of the cable ship "Patrol"; Mr. H. S. Huxwell, pilot of the P. and O. Coy.; and Mr. G. F. Storell, Singapore Pilot Board.

CONSTITUTION-MAKING.

The Nanking Convention.

The following is of particular interest in view of the election of Dr. Sun Yat-sen as Provisional President.

The Republican delegates who assembled at Nanking have adopted a constitution for the provisional government of China modelled in considerable degree after the form of the United States. It is also provided that within six months from the establishment of the provisional government a convention of the people shall be called. The provisional constitution provides for the election of a President of the Republic of China, an assembly, and five executive boards and defines their powers and functions as follows:

Article I.—The Provisional President.

Section 1.—The Provisional President shall be elected by the delegates appointed by the Governor-Generals of those Provinces, which have declared their independence. A two-thirds vote shall be necessary for his election. Each Province shall be entitled to one vote.

Section 2.—The Provisional President shall be vested with full power to administer the affairs of China.

Section 3.—The Provisional President shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the Republic of China.

Section 4.—The Provisional President shall have power, with the concurrence of the Assembly, to declare war and peace and make Treaties.

Section 5.—The Provisional President shall have power, with the concurrence of the Assembly, to appoint the Ministers of the Executive Boards of the Provisional Government and special Diplomatic officials.

Section 6.—The Provisional President shall have power, with the concurrence of the Assembly, to establish a system of National Courts of Justice.

Article II.—The Assembly.

Section 1.—The Assembly shall be composed of representatives appointed by the Provisional Government.

Section 2.—Each Province shall be limited to three representatives in the Assembly, the method of appointing such representatives to be determined by the Government of the Province from which they come.

Section 3.—Each representative shall be entitled to one vote in the Assembly.

Section 4.—The duties and powers of the Assembly shall be as follows:—

(a)—To determine the matters referred to in Article I, Sections 4 and 6.

(b)—To approve the action of the Provisional President in matters referred to in Article I, Section 5.

(c)—To determine the Budget of the Provisional Government.

(d)—To supervise the accounts of the Provisional Government.

(e)—To determine all matters concerning the taxation, currency and public debt of the Republic.

(f)—To make laws for the Republic during Provisional Government.

(g)—To determine all matters referred to the Assembly by the Provisional President.

(h)—To answer questions put to the Assembly by the Provisional President.

Section 5.—No matter shall be passed without the concurrence of a majority of the representatives present in the Assembly. Matters referred to in Article I, Section 4, must have the concurrence of two-thirds of the representatives present in the Assembly.

Section 6.—Every measure which shall have passed the Assembly shall, before it becomes law, be presented by the Speaker of the Assembly to the Provisional President for confirmation. If he approves he shall sign and seal it, and instruct the Executive officers concerned to act accordingly.

Section 7.—If the Provisional President disapproves any measure, he shall return it to the Assembly with his objections for reconsideration by them within ten days from the time it was first presented to him. If the Assembly, after reconsideration, shall, by a two-thirds vote, agree to pass the measure, it shall become law and



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Large Selection of Leading Brands in Stock.

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WINE MERCHANTS

Des Vœux Road

TELEPHONE 636.

Supply the highest quality Wines, Spirits, Cigars and Cigar. Obtainable, consistent with price. All Wines and Spirits bottled in Europe by Shippers of world wide reputation.

Hongkong, December 7th 1911.

VON RIEGEN'S PATENT

FIRE BRIDGE BARS.

COST OF INSTALLATION QUICKLY ABSORBED BY ECONOMY IN FUEL EFFECTED.

FOR FULL INFORMATION AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO

THE UNITED ASBESTOS ORIENTAL AGENCY, LTD.

SOLE AGENTS.

OR TO CH. WITZKE, SUB-AGENT.

Hongkong, December 7th, 1911.

Today's Advertisements

MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

NEW YEAR HOLIDAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that all MARINE INSURANCE OFFICES will be CLOSED for the transaction of Public Business on MONDAY, 1st January, 1912.

By Order, A. R. LOWE, Secretary. Hongkong, 30th Dec., 1911. [1568]

FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF HONGKONG.

NEW YEAR HOLIDAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that all FIRE INSURANCE OFFICES will be CLOSED for the transaction of Public Business on MONDAY, 1st January, 1912.

By Order, A. R. LOWE, Secretary. Hongkong, 30th Dec., 1911. [1569]

HONGKONG FOOTBALL CHALLENGE SHIELD.

ENTRIES for the above competition will be received by the undersigned up to MONDAY, 8th January Entrance fee \$5 each team should be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, J. C. Roberts, c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.

A Meeting will be held the same evening at 8.30 in the Y. M. C. A. rooms, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS to arrange dates, etc. Each team entered is invited to send a representative to the Meeting.

A. HAMILTON, Hon. Secretary, c/o Education Department. Hongkong, 30th Dec., 1911. [1571]

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NEW YEAR HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875 the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the transaction of Public Business on MONDAY, the 1st proximo.

Hongkong, 30th Dec., 1911. [1565]

MILK FIVE CENTS A PINT.

PURE, FRESH, SEPARATED, NATURAL.
REMOVED: THE CREAM ONLY.
ADDED: NOTHING.



If you must use Separated Milk, why not have it

FRESH?

For sale by

THE DAIRY FARM CO.

One penny a pint!

E. C. WILKS, M.I.Mech., E.A.M.N.A.
Consulting Engineer and Surveyor for construction, Valuer and Assessor for the purchase, or sale, of Steamships or Launches.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, 2nd Floor.
HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

ON and from the 1st January, 1912, the price of Gas to the public will be REDUCED to \$2.60 per 1,000 cubic feet.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE CURRY, Local Secretary.
Hongkong, 7th Nov., 1911. [1476]

ASAHI

BEER

SAPPORO

BEER

TO BE OBTAINED

FROM ALL WINE DEALERS

Note: our Price \$12.00 per case containing 4 dozen quarts or 6 dozen pints.

FOR SALE.

Offers will be received by the Management for the purchase as a going concern, of the "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

Hongkong, Nov. 10, 1911.

G. FALCONER & Co., Ltd.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

LARGE SELECTION ENGLISH SILVERWARE

COMPRISING PRESENTATION

PLATE, BOWLS, RACE CUPS, etc.

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

INSPECTION INVITED

A choice selection of Xmas Goods have arrived.

AMSTEL

PASTEURISED BEER.

From the renowned Amstel Lager Beer

Brewery, Amsterdam, Holland.

Amstel Beer, being specially pasteurised

for use in Tropical Countries, has

proved to give greater satisfaction

than any other Pilsener Beer on the

Market. Supplied to the Royal

House of Holland since 1894.

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12, Queen's Road, Central,

HONGKONG.

Tel. No. 135.

Hongkong, 22nd December, 1911.

Steamers.

PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.'S
MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.
"EMPIRE LINE"

The only line of mail steamers from Europe via Canada and the United States calling at Hongkong, and connecting with the Inland Sea of Japan, Kobe, Yokohama, and Vancouver B.C.

The only line of mail steamers from Vancouver B.C. to Hongkong, and connecting with the Inland Sea of Japan, Kobe, Yokohama, and Vancouver B.C.

12 DAYS YOKOHAMA TO VANCOUVER. 21 DAYS HONGKONG TO VANCOUVER, SAVING 5 TO 7 DAYS' OCEAN TRAVEL.

Proposed Sailings from Hongkong and St. John, N.B.
Connecting with Royal Mail Atlantic Steamers.
(Subject to alteration.)

From Hongkong	From St. John, N.B.
1912	1912

"Empress of India".....Sat., Jan. 27. "Empress of Ireland".....Fri., Feb. 23.
"Empress of Japan".....Sat., Feb. 24. "Empress of Ireland".....Fri., Mar. 22.

Steamers will depart from Hongkong at 7 a.m.
Each Trans-Pacific "Empress" connects at Vancouver with a Mail Express Train and at St. John, N.B. with Atlantic Mail Steamers as shown above. The "Empress of Britain" and "Empress of Ireland" are magnificent vessels of 14,500 tons, Speed 20 knots, and are regarded as second to none on the Atlantic.

All Steamers of the Company's Pacific and Atlantic Fleets are equipped with the Marconi wireless apparatus.
Passengers booked to all the principal ports in Canada, the United States, and Europe, also Around the World.

HONGKONG TO LONDON, 1st Class, via Canadian Atlantic Port or New York (including Meals and Berth in Sleeping Car while crossing the American Continent by Canadian Pacific Direct Line).....£71.10/-
Passengers for Europe have the option of going forward by any Trans-Pacific line either from Canadian Ports or from New York or Boston.

SPECIAL THROUGH RATES—Special rates (First Class only) are granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic, and Consular Services, European Civil Servants located in Asia, and to European Officials in the service of the Governments of China and Japan, and their families. Full particulars on application to Agents.

Through Passengers are allowed stop over privileges at the various points of interest en route.
R.M.S. "MONTEAGLE" carries only "One Class" of Saloon Passengers (termed Intermediate) the accommodation and commissariat being excellent in every way.

HONGKONG TO LONDON, Intermediate on Steamers and 1st Class on Canadian and American Railways.
Via Canadian Atlantic Port.....£43. Via New York.....£45.

For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to—
D. W. ORRIDGE, General Traffic Agent,
Corner Phipps Street and Praya (opposite Blake Pier).

Shipping—Steamers

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Projected Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Alteration

Destinations	Steamers	Sailing Dates
MARSEILLES, LONDON & AMSTERDAM via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ & PORT SAID	KITANO MARU, Capt. E. E. Cope, T. 9,000 IYO MARU, Capt. R. Takoda, T. 7,000	WEDNESDAY, 3rd Jan., at Daylight WEDNESDAY, 17th Jan., at Daylight
VICTORIA, B.C., & SEATTLE via SHANGHAI, MOJOI, KOBÉ, YOKOHAMA, OGI, & YOKOHAMA	TAMBA MARU, Capt. K. Noda, T. 7,000 KAMAKURA MARU, Capt. T. Iizawa, T. 7,000	TUESDAY, 2nd Jan., at Noon TUESDAY, 30th Jan., at Noon
VICTORIA, B.C., & SEATTLE	KAMAKURA MARU, Capt. B. Kon, T. 7,000	SATURDAY, 30th Dec., from KOBÉ
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE, and BRISBANE	KUMANO MARU, Capt. M. Winkler, T. 6,000 YAWATA MARU, Capt. T. Sekine, T. 5,000	FRIDAY, 19th Jan., at Noon FRIDAY, 16th Feb., at Noon
KOBÉ & YOKOHAMA	TANGO MARU, Capt. K. Kawara, T. 8,000	THURSDAY, 4th Jan., at 11 a.m.
NASKI KOBÉ & YOKOHAMA	YAWATA MARU, Capt. T. Sekine, T. 5,000	WEDNESDAY, 17th Jan., at Noon
SHANGHAI, MOJOI & KOBÉ	TOSA MARU, Capt. Sato, T. 6,000	WEDNESDAY, 3rd Jan.

Fitted with new system of wireless telegraphy. Cargo only.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN
KOBÉ and CALCUTTA.

Regular fortnightly service from Kobe to Calcutta calling at Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.

The next steamer to sail from Hongkong:

"HIROSHIMA MARU" ...Tons 4,000...Capt. Hirase...Dec. 30th.

1912 PASSENGER SEASON 1912

FOR EUROPE

Steamer	Tons	Captain	From Hongkong
TANGO MARU	8,000	K. Kawara	Feb. 14th
KAMO MARU	9,000	P. J. Sommer	Feb. 28th
AKI MARU	7,000	K. Homma	Mar. 18th
MISHIMA MARU	9,000	A. C. Moses	Mar. 27th
KAGA MARU	7,000	M. Hagino	April 10th
ATSUTA MARU	9,000	Wm. Thompson	April 24th
HITACHI MARU	7,000	T. Yamawaki	May 8th
MIYASAKI MARU	9,000	T. Mura	May 22nd

FOR SEATTLE

Steamer	Tons	Captain	From Hongkong
INABA MARU	7,000	S. Tomioka	Feb. 27th
TAMBA MARU	7,000	K. Noda	Mar. 28th
SANUKI MARU	7,000	T. Iizawa	April 9th
AWA MARU	7,000	T. Iizawa	April 28th
INABA MARU	7,000	S. Tomioka	May 21st

From Hongkong direct to Nagasaki 4 days, to Kobe 5 days and to Yokohama 6 days.

For further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, &c., apply at the Company's Local Branch Office in Prince's Building, First Floor, Chater Road.

T. KUSUMOTO, Manager.

CHINA NAVIGATION
CO. LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For Steamers To Sail.

WEIHWAIWEI & CHEFOO ... "SHANSI" 8th Dec. D'light.

January 1912:

MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO ... "KUEIHOW" ... 2nd Jan. 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI ... "CHINHUA" ... 4th ... 4 p.m.
HAIPHONG ... "SINGAN" ... 6th ... 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI ... "ANHUI" ... 8th ... 10 a.m.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO ... "KAIFONG" ... 9th ... 4 p.m.
DIRECT SAILING TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly, S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL"

AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in State-rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. REDUCED FARES. Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

MANILA LINE—Two crew Steamers "Tan" and "Taming" saloon accommodation midships; electric fans fitted; extra state-rooms on deck, aft. Saloon accommodation of S.S. "Kaifong" is situated on deck, aft.

SHANGHAI LINE—FAST SCHEDULE TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS (Anhui, Oshan, Linan, Chinkai) with excellent passenger accommodation. Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloon; leave Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday, and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

N.B.—Passengers must embark before midnight on Saturday for the Sunday morning sailings. A Company's launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every Saturday night.

These steamers land passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

Reduced Fares—Single \$45. Return \$75.

For Freight or Passage apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Telephone No. 28. Hongkong, 30th December, 1911.

Shipping—Steamers

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

IN CONJUNCTION WITH
Deutsche Dampfschiffahrts Gesellschaft "HANSA."EAST ASIATIC SERVICE.
Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES, via STRAITS and COLOMBO, to

Marseilles, Havre, Bremen and Hamburg and New York.

Taking cargo at Through rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Oporto, Genoa and other Mediterranean, Laganina, Black Baltic Sea and Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

Next Sailings from Hongkong:

OUTWARD	HOMEWARD
For Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama:	For Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
S.S. Silesia 1st Jan.	S.S. "Brasil" 1st Jan.
"Ambria" 10th Jan.	For Havre, Bremen & Hamburg:
"Gp. e. f." 27th Jan.	S.S. "Dortmund" 10th Jan.
"Suevia" 30th Feb.	For Marseilles, Havre & Hamburg:
"F. Ducloux" 20th Feb.	S.S. "Sevilla" 23rd Jan.
"Belgravia" 1st Mar.	For Havre, Hamburg & Antwerp:
"Sach. ou" 18th Mar.	S.S. "Silesia" 2nd Feb.
"C. P. e. f." 1st Apr.	For Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg:
	S.S. "Sambis" 3rd Feb.
	For Rotterdam, Hamburg & Antwerp:
	S.S. "Saxonia" 16th Feb.

Hamburg-Amerika Linie.

Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 21st December, 1911.

HONGKONG—HAIPOH—HAIPOH—PAKHOL.

Highest Class, Fastest and Up-to-date Steamers on the Coast, having accommodation for First-class Passengers.

Electric Light, Excellent Cuisine, and Wireless Telegraphy.

For Freight or Passage apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 20th December, 1911.

[14]

A. R. MARTY.

HONGKONG—HAIPOH—HAIPOH—PAKHOL.

Highest Class, Fastest and Up-to-date Steamers on the Coast, having accommodation for First-class Passengers.

Electric Light, Excellent Cuisine, and Wireless Telegraphy.

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Telephone 118.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1911.

[1093]

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between

JAVA, CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer From Expected on or about For Will leave on or about

Tjiliroeng JAVA 1st half Jan. JAPAN 1st half Jan.

Tjiliroeng JAPAN 1st half Jan. JAVA 1st half Jan.

Tjiliroeng SHANGHAI 1st half Jan. JAVA 1st half Jan.

Tjiliroeng SHANGHAI 1st half Jan. JAPAN 1st half Jan.

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